ENVER BEY, MOST FASCINATING FIGURE OF THE WAR

Enver Bey, Dictator of Turkey, a Glorified Ruffian Adored For His Sweetness and Handsome Face, His Readiness With Gun and Fists, and His Ability to Manufacture Revolutions.

THE idol of the Turkish people, the hated of the allies, the Beau Brummel of Asia and the bare-fisted, knockabout fighter of Mohammedanism; the Apollo of the Asiatic continent and the most reckless gunman of the east.

This, in a paragraph, is Enver Bey Pasha, the dictator of Turkey, the Turkish sultan and supreme council rolled into one; the commander-in-chief of all the Turk forces and the brilliant star to which the destinies of the Turks are irrevocably hitched.

He is the glorified ruffian of the Young Turk movement. He is the dare-devil who went into Triboli disguised as a beggar and organized the splendid resistance of the almost unarmed Arabs to the invading Italians. He is the uproarious swashbuckler who deposed the Sultan Abdul Hamid and who at the point of a revolver dissolved a Turkish cabinet which had all but surrendered to the great powers in the first Balkan war. He is the firebrand Turk who, in the second Balkan war, sent out the Turk armies to reconquer and hold nearly every foot of land which they had lost in the first war. He is the glorious youth who dragged Turkey into the great war as the ally of the kaiser.

Turkey never before has produced so glorified a ruffian as young Enver Bey. He is beloved for his sweetness, his handsome face and carriage and his wellbred gentleness. He is worshiped for his quickness with a gun, for his readiness to

smash his closed fist into any face, base or noble. He is lauded to the skies for his genius in manufacturing revolutions to order. He is admired for his wonderful and costly clothes. He is far and away the most fascinating figure of the

Enver Bey first became hero of Young Turkey when he broke open the door of the grand council room in Constantinople two years ago this spring while that august body was preparing a reply to the collective note of the European powers on the Balkan war. The reply was a peaceful reply and conceded all that the powers demanded.

Sword in hand, and backed by the other Young Turks, the young Enver Bey bluntly told the aged grand vizier, Kiamil Pasha, to resign. Bowed down with the weight of his eighty-four years, the statesman signed his own deposition.

Immediately Mahmoud Shevket Pasha. commander of the army that dethroned Abdul Hamid, was made grand visier. And thus was established government in Turkey resulting from a combination of the army with the Committee of Union and Progress which expressed the policy of the Young Turks.

With Enver Bey at their head they clamored for the retention of Adrianople. and they did retain it. They announced their readiness to go on with the war, and they did go on. A new Turkey was born and young Enver Bey became the

Some Springtime Poses and Posies

youthful father of his ancient country. Only so uproarious and swashbuckling

a type as Enver Bey could have carried this earlier accomplishment and his present program through. Enver Bey is young and reckless, and because he is both, he is the darling of his troops. He is the only glorious figure that Turkey has produced in decades.

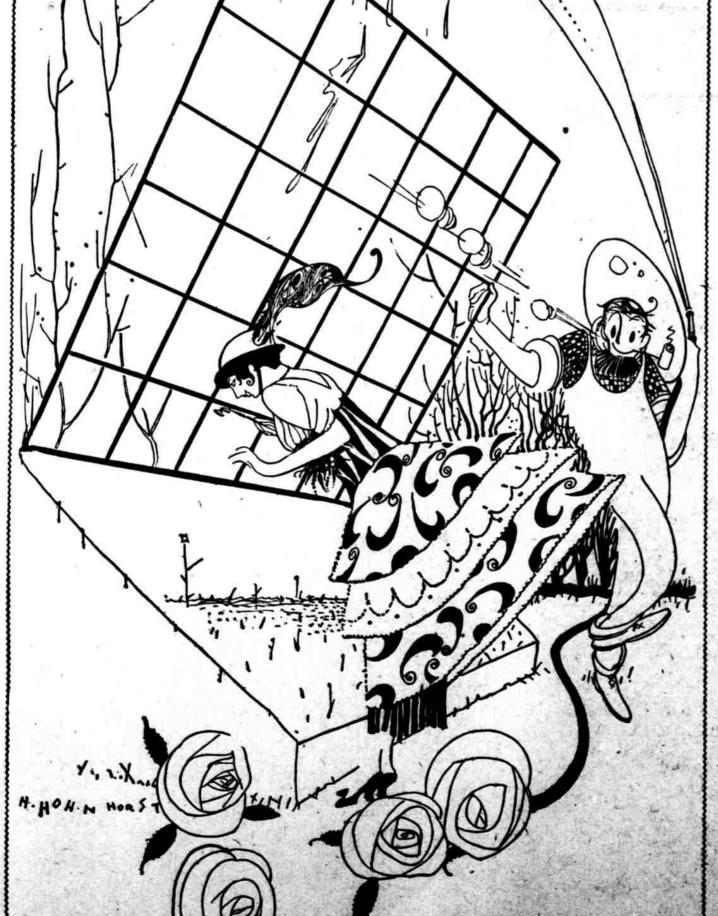
His enemies have denied to him either wisdom, experience or caution. They assert he is rash, insolent and violent and that only his untamed spirit and the love of all those about him help him through his emergencies. He is the Hying representative of that secret society by which supreme power has again been select in Turkey as it has many times

Enver Bey is not a figurehead, and is scarcely even an acknowledged leader, yet he laid the plot that overthrew the sultan and Klamil and prepared all those plans by which Turkey entered the war as the kalser's ally.

Often he jakes trips through the length and breadth of Turkey in disguise and suddenly bounds into the office of an official in remote districts to see that he is accomplishing properly the work that has been entrusted to him. He is served by the most elaborate and perfect spy system in the land of spies.

Enver Bey is young. He is only thirty-four years old. Most statesmen who have gained fame have had it come to them generally when they were at least twice that age. Moreover, along with his youth he is the Apollo of the Turks. He is distinguished from his brothers in arms and statecraft in that





he is barbered ten times over. When he was at the court of Vienna as Turkish at-tache there was no more elegant figure

in that elegant capital. Unlike so many of the officials of Turthinks so many of the officials of Turkey, Enver Bey has escaped the stoutness which spoils the best of looks. He is slim, wiry and graceful. He wears colors and does not look grotesque in them as so many of his countrymen do. He loves both colors and display. When he wears his full dress uniform he takes second place to no one in his flaming scarlet and red and blue, with his buttons of shining gold and his splendid leather boots which reach up to his knees. Where others would look operatic or pretty in this uniform Enver Bey looks impressive.

He also likes the noise he can make. On his boots he wears fingling spurs which he likes to click together at any opportunity. His boots, generally, are almost as long as his legs, and he brings them down with heavy tread. An enor mous sword perpetually clanks at his side. On his hand he wears heavy gloves and has a habit of bringing them togeth-

But there is nothing of tinsel in any-thing that Enver Bey wears. He will have only the real. The buttons of his uniform are not plate i, but of solid re-fined gold. His sash is of the best of sasters silk and his collaret is all rare

is exquisite and a dell of fashion.
leanings in this respect have been
leanings in this respect have been
led by some of his friends to his
ptian mother. She was a lady of
mother birth and was brought up
rurkey amidst all the luxuries that a
lithy husband could bring her. She
swimping away "soft and aleading

He shaves close before breakfast smokes an astonishing amount of cigarettes and can drink such flery draughts as cognac without blinking an eye.

In other respects he is decidedly European. He lets alone the thick, sweet coffee of his country and drinks his beverage in French style. He takes Turkish coffee only on ceremonial occasions. Another alarming European custom he

has adopted is the marrying of only one wife. A niece of the sultan is his one and only wife. She lives in more or less seclusion, and if it were not for harming her husband's chances of success among his people she, with his willing consent, would live her life as unre-strained as a European woman. She likes, it is said, French novels, and so does her husband It is only incidentally that Enver Bey

It is only incidentally that Enver Bey is a diplomatist and statesman. First and foremost he is a man of the cape and sword. There is none to deny that he is a real soldier. He learned how to handle infantry in the school of experience. In the Yemen in Albania he led his company successfully under hot fire. His theoretical education was gained in the military academy at Constantinople, and he was of the group of young men of whom the German teachers expected great things. While he was still but a boy kniver Bey went to Prussia to complete his military training in artillery. Like most of the Turks he has not been able to handle cavalry, but he has a particular talent for hammering raw material in the ranks of the sultan into terial in the ranks of the sultan into

material in the shape.

The real secret of Enver Bey's success is work. Although he looks as if he spent all his time on his toilet, the case is far otherwise. Day and night he labors on those things that will advance the interests of his country. Vanity is one of his weaknesses, but he has much one of his weaknesses, but he has much

himself right in their eyes by his fury in fighting for the faith and his refusal abandon an inch of the soil that has been won with the Turkish sword. Another side of him which has won the undying devotion of the faithful is his belief in the efficacy of a holy war. Since Turkey made her declaration of war he has exerted every effort to make a Jehad possible. What success he has Jehad possible. What s had time only will show.

Some of the most conservative Turks he displeases by what they call his pro-pensity for injecting himself into European journals. They point out that he is always to the fore when dispatches have to be filed for transmission to the leading European papers. And at the same time, they say, Enver Bey, the thunderbolt, never knows what is going on in Turkey. They say, too, that his hotness of temper, his incurable indiscretions and his want of tact make him an impossible man for any post.

But to all these objections and criticisms his friends point out the Turkish successes, he has been responsible for. He has risked his life and his country a hundred times in daring moves and has always come out winner. He took his life in his hands in that desperate march from Salonics which ended in the deposing of the sultan. Again he took his life into his hands when in disguise he slipped into Tripoli and so successfully led the Arab resistance to the Italian invasion. He is alive today because he

volver than any man he meets. His gift, when all is said and done His gift, when all is said and done, is for being a popular hero. The exploits he performs are as brilliant and impossible as are to be found in the most thrilling of romances. He seems intuitively to recognize the right moment. He has an almost mirraculous ability of being able to save the day in any crisis. He never rushes against a door when it is locked, but awaits the proper time to kick it down. He is not at all adverse to dealing an energetic physical blow at dealing an energetic physical blow at dealing an energetic physical blow at eright person at the right time. Vio-ace is his business, his specialty and his ack, so far. He has a way of being vio-at which is polite enough to entisty a